

ACT Influenza Surveillance Report - No. 3, 2019

Summary: In the last fortnight, influenza notifications continued to increase (first week) and then stabilised (second week). Influenza A has been detected in 91% of notifications so far in 2019, with a mix of A/H1 and A/H3 circulating. The majority of notifications in 2019 have been among adults aged 20-65 years.

Influenza notifications

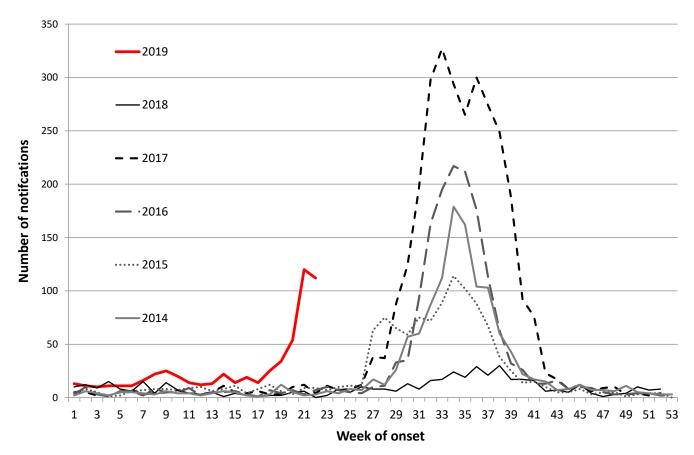
Reporting Period: 1 January to 2 June 2019, Weeks 1-22

Between 1 January and 2 June 2019, there were 603 notifications of influenza reported to ACT Health, with 232 of these notifications occurring in the last fortnight (Figure). In comparison, there were 135 notifications of influenza reported to ACT Health during the same time period in 2018. Influenza notifications initially increased and then stabilised in the last fortnight.

Year to date, 91% (n=549) of notifications were influenza A and 8% (n=49) were influenza B. There have been five notifications of cases co-infected with influenza A and B. Of the 152 influenza A notifications with subtype information available, 81 (53%) were H1N1 and 71 (47%) were H3 (presumed H3N2).

Overall, notifications have been highest among adults aged 20-64 years (59%, n=355). Of notifications received in 2019, 11% (n=68) have been in children aged 0-4 years and 12% (n=74) have been in adults aged 65 years and over.





^{*}Data provided for the current and most recent weeks may be incomplete. All data are preliminary and subject to change as updates are received. Notification data include all cases of influenza diagnosed by a laboratory among residents of the ACT. Generally, notified cases represent only a small proportion of cases of influenza occurring in the community.